

NATHALIE SMITZ, KENNY MEGANCK, ANN VANDERHEYDEN, ANICEE LOMBAL, THIERRY BACKELJAU & MARC DE MEYER

EMPOWERING BIODIVERSITY CONFERENCE

24-25 MAY 2022

bopco@naturalsciences.be

http://bopco.myspecies.info/











NATHALIE SMITZ, KENNY MEGANCK, ANN VANDERHEYDEN, ANICEE LOMBAL, THIERRY BACKELJAU & MARC DE MEYER





Aim: Supplying identifications of policy concern organisms and derived products



- Aim: Supplying identifications of policy concern organisms and derived products
- Objective: Provide access to knowledge (taxonomic expertise) and infrastructure (laboratory) necessary to identify biological samples of policy concern



- Aim: Supplying identifications of policy concern organisms and derived products
- Objective: Provide access to knowledge (taxonomic expertise) and infrastructure (laboratory) necessary to identify biological samples of policy concern
- For whom: All stakeholders who deal with biological materials of policy concern and who need an accurate identification



- Aim: Supplying identifications of policy concern organisms and derived products
- Objective: Provide access to knowledge (taxonomic expertise) and infrastructure (laboratory) necessary to identify biological samples of policy concern
- For whom: All stakeholders who deal with biological materials of policy concern and who need an accurate identification
- Conditions: Compliance with BopCo scope & Costs may be charged

Policy concern organisms including endangered species, invasive alien species, human and veterinary disease organisms or their vectors, species of forensic relevance, agricultural pest species, organisms of the human food chain, etc.



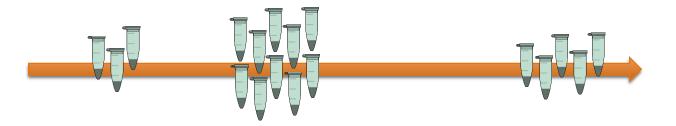




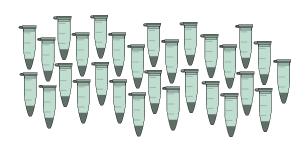
Punctual identification requests



Recurrent identification requests



Identification projects & filling the gaps





Morphological characteristics

Monographs, identification keys, scientific periodic





Microscopy

Network of in-house and external taxonomic experts





Specimen collections

Morphological characteristics

Monographs, identification keys, scientific periodic





Microscopy

Network of in-house and external taxonomic experts





Specimen collections











Excluding CITES-listed species by partial ID

Hippopus hippopus



All species of the genus *Tridacnidae* (giant clams) are CITES-listed





Confirmation of non CITES-listed species ID



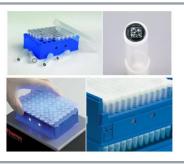






Access to laboratory facilities and sequence databases

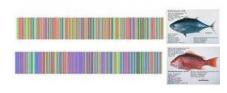






DNA Barcoding

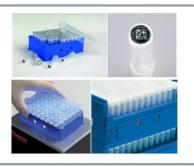
Early life stage, damaged specimen, processed sample, trace material,....





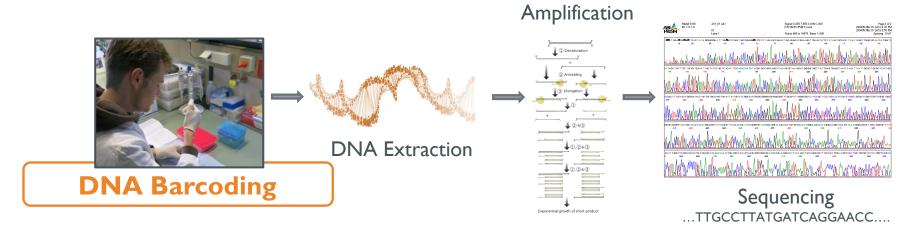
Access to laboratory facilities and sequence databases

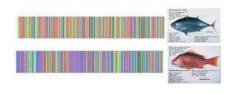






Early life stage, damaged specimen, processed sample, trace material,....

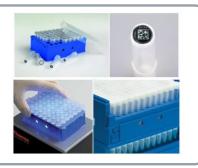






Access to laboratory facilities and sequence databases

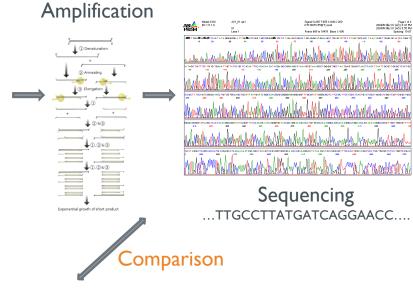




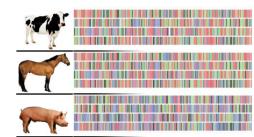


Early life stage, damaged specimen, processed sample, trace material,....

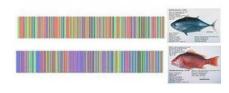








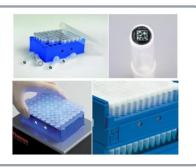
Online repositories

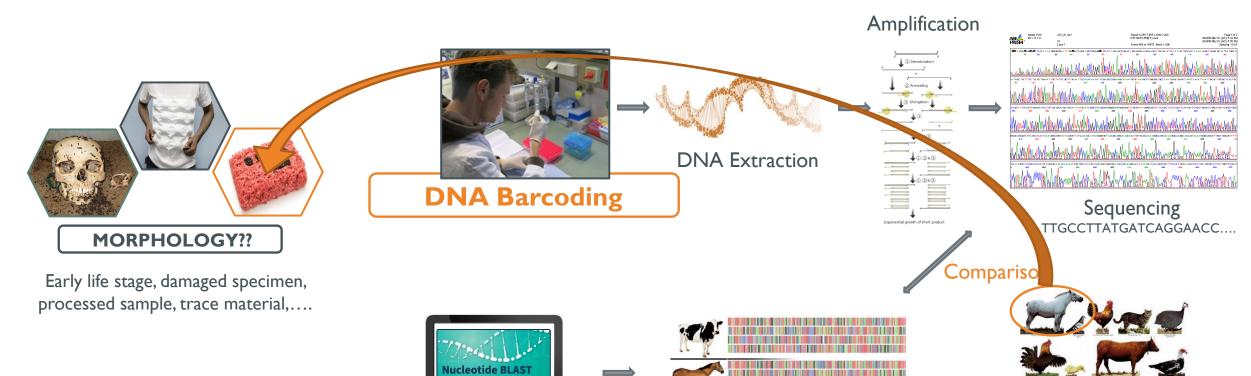




Access to laboratory facilities and sequence databases



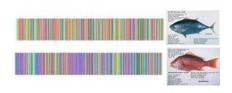




100 CHARLES



Species identification

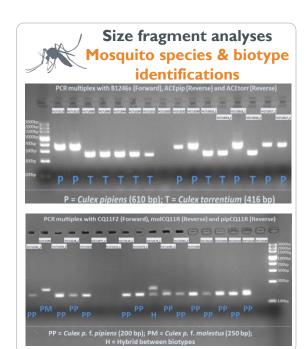


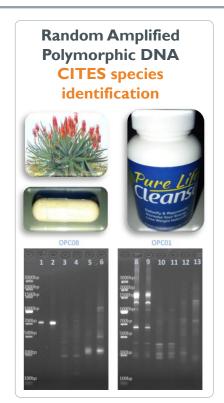


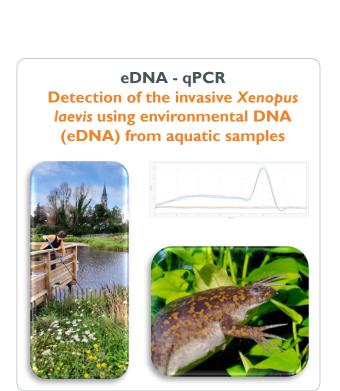
Access to laboratory facilities and sequence databases











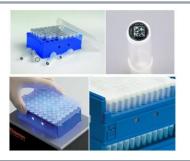






Access to laboratory facilities and sequence databases







Agricultural pest:

ID of morphologically
undistinguishable fruit fly pests
from orchards in South Africa

Disease organisms and their vectors: ID of parasitic worm found in a cod fillet → Pseudoterranova decipiens = sealworm





Exotic species:

ID of a new alien invasive terrestrial flatworm for Belgium → Caenoplana bicolor which is native to Australia



Pest species:

ID and tracing origin of insect larva and pupa found in drum of chemical product → Plodia interpunctella = a world-wide pest of stored products

Referring to network













Referring to network









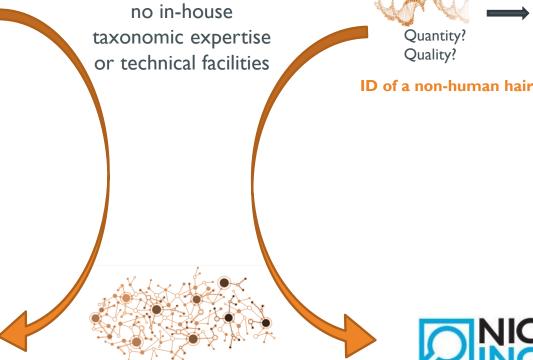


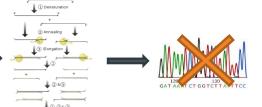




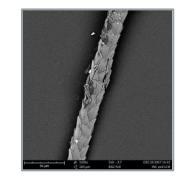
ID of fungi for notary office from Brussels







shrew or harvest mouse or dormouse



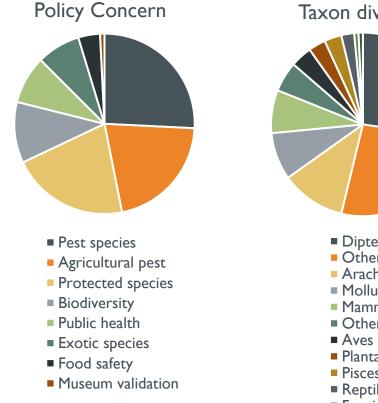


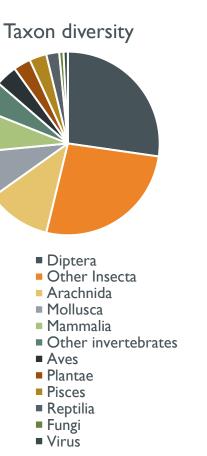


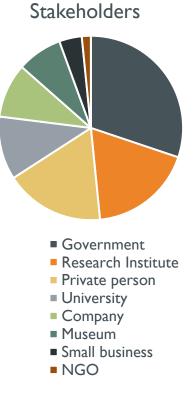


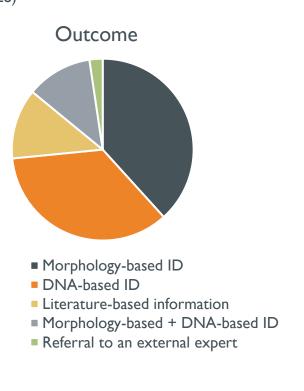


OVERVIEW IDENTIFICATION REQUESTS UNTIL OCTOBER 2021 (N=128)









RECURRENT IDENTIFICATION REQUESTS EXAMPLES



Bird strikes: ID bird remains for Belgian Air Force and Brussels Airport





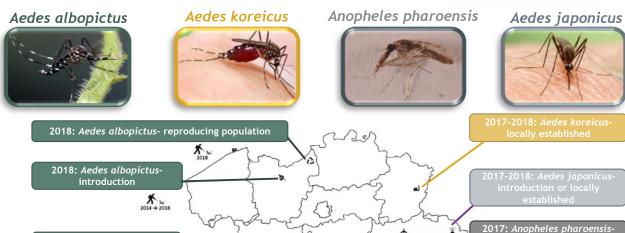
Disease organisms and their vectors: ID of mosquitoes from Belgium and countries of deployment for the Belgian Army

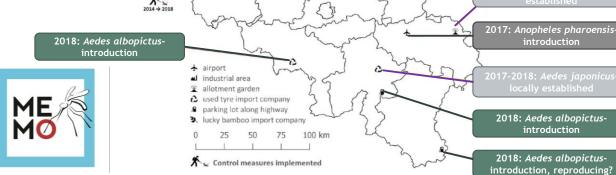




Disease organisms and their vectors: Identifying all life stages of (exotic) mosquitoes within the framework of the Monitoring of Exotic MOsquitoes in Belgium (MEMO) project







Map of Belgium indicating the PoEs where EMS were detected in 2017 and 2018 (data ITM)

Limitations of DNA-based technologies

- Reference database: success species identification depends on available sequence data
 - comprehensive, otherwise identification only to higher taxonomic level
 - reliable, if mistakes in the databases no confident identification can be made
- Different markers
- Data publically available
- No requirements for sequences
- No curation of data





Reference library Online repositories

- Barcodes, e.g. COI (animals)
- Not all publically available
- Strict requirements: vouchers
 - metadata
 - quality & length





DESIGNED TO SUPPORT THE GENERATION & APPLICATION OF DNA BARCODE DATA

educational portal, a registry of BINs (putative species), and a data collection and analysis workbench. Please note that this version of BOLD is in beta and will contain bugs. Users can help address these bugs by testing the system and reporting issues to









Limitations of DNA-based technologies

- Reference database: success species identification depends on available sequence data
 - comprehensive, otherwise identification only to higher taxonomic level

Comprehensive

- reliable, if mistakes in the databases no confident identification can be made
- Different markers
- Data publically available
- No requirements for sequences
- No curation of data

Found 439 nucleotide sequences. Nucleotide (4390) EST (1)
Panthera leo TASSIR1 que for lasde receptor type 1 member 1, partial cds
1, 1,570 by threat DNA
Accessor ABSH412, 10, 2729-3013
Politica Suprimera

Politica Suprimera

Technology*

Technology

**Technolo

Panthera leo TAS1R1 gene for taste receptor type 1 member 1, partial cds

Panthera leo TAS1R1 gene for taste receptor type 1 member 1, partial cds

Panthera leo vwf gene for von Wilebrand factor, partial cds. specimen_voucher, personal Hitoshi

Panthera leo broad gene for breast and ovarian cancer susceptibility protein 1, partial cds,

GenBank FASTA Graphics

529 bp linear DNA Accession: AB548411.1 Gi: 327343011 Protein Taupnomy

Gentlank EASTA Graphics

 621 bp linear DNA Accession: AB549410.1 Gt 327343009

1,191 bp linear DNA Accession: AE3/1365.1 Gi: 256017062 Protein PubMed Taxonomy

1,043 bp linear DNA Accession AB371333.1 Gt 256016098 Erolein EubMed Taxonomy

GenBank FASTA Graphics

Accession MF136766.1 Gr. 1264410808 Protein Taxonomy GenBank FASTA Graphics



Database: Select

Q panthera leo (4390

Q panthera lea (0)

Q mytilus chilensis coi (387)

Reference library

Online repositories

- Barcodes, e.g. COI (animals)
- Not all publically available

BOLD

- Strict requirements: vouchers
 - metadata
 - quality & length



DESIGNED TO SUPPORT THE GENERATION & APPLICATION OF DNA BARCODE DATA

OLD is a cloud-based data storage and analysis platform developed at the Centre for Blodiversity Genomics in Canada. It consists of four main modules, a data portal, an educational portal, a registry of Blos (putative species), and ad a collection and analysis workbeech.

Please note that this version of Bool. bit in beta and will contain hous. Users can help address these buss by testing the system and reporting issues to

(a) (*)

DATA PORTAL







Use both databases in combination to compare and interpret the results, taking in to account the strengths and weaknesses of each



IDENTIFICATION PROJECTS & FILLING THE GAPS EXAMPLES

Invasive Alien Species:

in silico testing of available sequence data Evaluate ID reliability of 49 IAS on EU list based on publicly available DNA sequences to identify gaps in the online databases 49 species on Regulation 1143/2014 issued by the European Commission

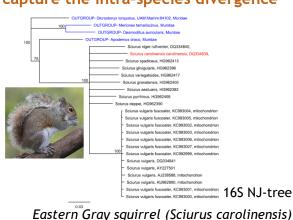




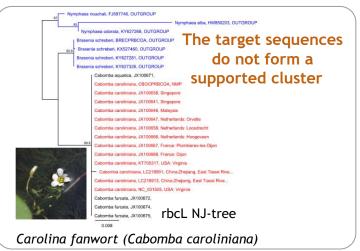




Insufficient publicly available DNA sequences of the target species to capture the intra-species divergence



Insufficient publicly available DNA sequences of the congeners to capture the inter-species divergence







Invasive Alien Species:

in silico testing of available sequence data Evaluate ID reliability of 49 IAS on EU list based on publicly available DNA sequences to identify gaps in the online databases 49 species on Regulation 1143/2014 issued by the European Commission

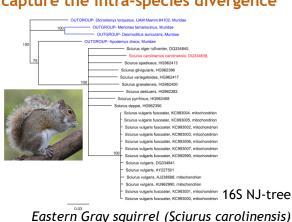




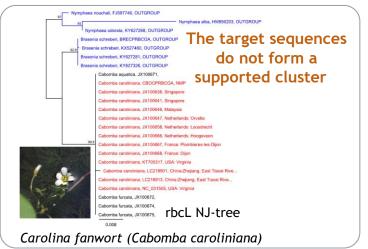




Insufficient publicly available DNA sequences of the target species to capture the intra-species divergence



Insufficient publicly available DNA sequences of the congeners to capture the inter-species divergence

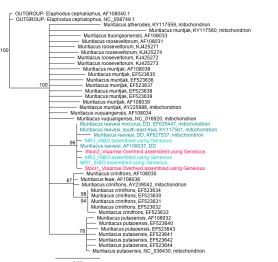
















Forensic species:

Building a barcode reference library for the Belgian rove beetle species (Staphylinidae) of forensic importance in collaboration with the NICC



National Institute of Criminalistics and Criminology





48 species of rove beetles of forensic interest



Estimate post mortem interval





Ambigolimax valentianus (N = 1)

Deroceras sp. (N = 1) Limax cf. conemenos (N = 1)

Tandonia cf. sowerbyi (N = 1)

Cornu aspersum (N = 3) Eobania vermiculat (N = 6) Helix lucorum (N = 1)

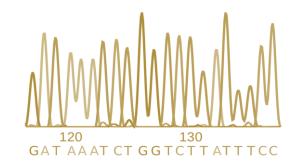


BOPCO SEQUENCE DATABASE

Sanger sequencing of ≠ marker regions:

COI, 16S rRNA, NADH4, 28S, EFI-alpha, wg, LW

Rh, ITS, cytb, rbcL, matK, trnH-psbA, COII, ...



- Generated sequences:
 - Deposition in GenBank (including BioProjects)
 - Voucher specimen barcodes → BOLD







bopco@naturalsciences.be

HTTP://BOPCO.MYSPECIES.INFO/





SEARCH



Welcome to BopCo

The Barcoding Facility for Organisms and Tissues of Policy Concern (BopCo) aims at developing an expertise forum to facilitate the identification of biological samples of policy concern. Such identifications can rely on traditional morphology-based approaches requiring taxonomic expertise and/or DNA-based techniques demanding specific skills and access to a fully equipped molecular laboratory.

The intent of BopCo therefore is (1) to act as a focal point for identifying biological materials upon request, using both morphological and DNA-based techniques, (2) to produce well-documented DNA barcodes of relevant taxa, (3) to maintain reference collections of barcoded organisms and the corresponding DNA barcode databases, and (4) to explore and implement new tools and techniques for species identification and DNA barcoding.















