

IPBES in the international science-policy landscape

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### Outline



The landscape

Role of Science

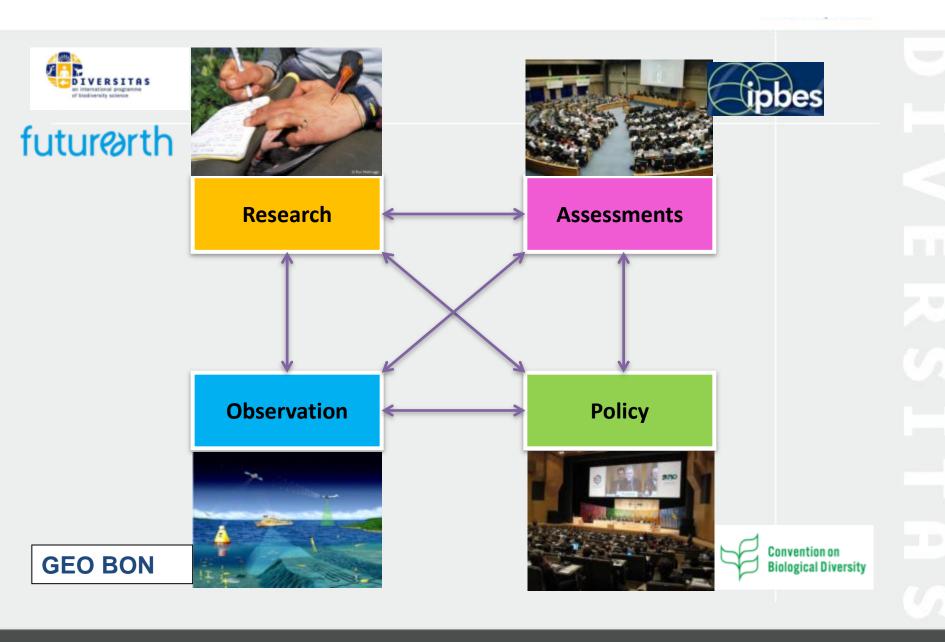
Role of Observation

Role of Policy

Links to other assessments



### Biodiversity science-policy interface



#### **DIVERSITAS**



 DIVERSITAS is an international programme dedicated to biodiversity science, under the auspices of:









- Missions:
  - To promote an integrative biodiversity science
  - To provide the scientific bases for the conservation & sustainable use of biodiversity



### Science & Technology Alliance for Global Sustainability



















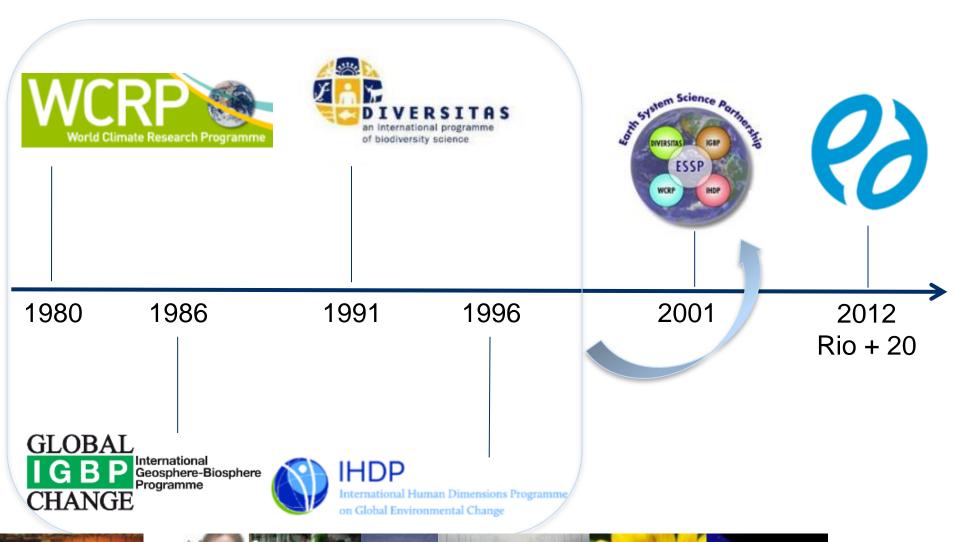


**WMO** (observer)





### **Building on the GEC programmes legacy**





### Mission of Future Earth



- To provide societies with the knowledge required to face the risks posed by global environmental change and to build global sustainability
- To respond to some of the societal challenges such as
  - Feeding 9 billion people within sustainable planetary boundaries
  - Valuing and protecting ecosystem services & biodiversity
  - Adapting to a warmer & more urban world
  - Transitioning to low carbon societies
  - Providing income & innovation opportunities through transformations to global sustainability
- New approach
  - Integrated & interdisciplinary research
  - Co-design & co-production of knowledge

## What does DIVERSITAS/Future Earth do?



- Provides common international framework for collaborative research
- Builds scientific networks
- Think tank for new projects & ideas
- Performs scientific syntheses
- Guides and facilitate major global initiatives
- Represents scientific community in policy fora

DIVERSITAS adds value to national research









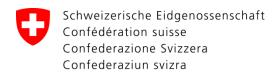
### Global Mountain Biodiversity Assessment

 Actively explores and synthesizes Mountain Biodiversity Research

 Link between Science and Policy: Convention on Biological Diversity, Millennium Ecosystem Assessment



Focus on cross- and intercontinental comparison of upper montane zones and elevational transects



Swiss Confederation

**Federal Office for the Environment FOEN** 



Science and Policy
Platform of the Swiss Academy of Sciences
Swiss Biodiversity Forum

### National platform of IPBES in Switzerland

- Coordination of IPBES activities in CH
- Expertise for Swiss delegation (position, plenary participation)
- Nomination of experts in IPBES as authors, reviewers
- Public relations, IPBES meetings & workshops



# Scientific community very supportive of IPBES (1)

- Consultative process (2005-2010): regional consultations, multi-stakeholder meetings, DIVERSITAS-ICSU-IUCN consultation
- Mobilization of the scientific community: publications in scientific journals, presentations & events in conferences





of biodiversity science





- Contribution to the formal process
  - Establishment of the mechanism: Integration MA Follow-Up Initiative & IMoSEB
  - Preparing for plenaries: Organise multi-partners workshops; Submit **INF Docts & prepare input**
  - Representing the scientific community in governmental meetings (DIVERSITAS, IHDP, ICSU)
  - Contribution to the negotiations
  - Side events









## Scientific community very supportive of IPBES (3)

- Providing the science and conducting some activities for IPBES
  - Future Earth activities on Earth system modelling
  - bioDISCOVERY work on biodiversity scenarios
  - Providing the scientific perspective: experts workshops
    - Knowledge Generation Function (June 2011, Paris, France; Jan 2012, Annapolis, USA)
    - Assessment Function (July 2011; March 2012; Tokyo, Japan)
    - Conceptual framework (July 2012, Paris, France)



Generation
of Knowledge
Function of
IPBES

2

of biodiversity science



# Scientific community very supportive of IPBES (4)

- Stakeholder engagement
  - Going beyond the DIVERSITAS community
  - Going beyond the scientific community
- Co-organisation of the Stakeholder days (plenaries)
- Developing the draft Stakeholder Engagement Strategy for the IPBES programme of work

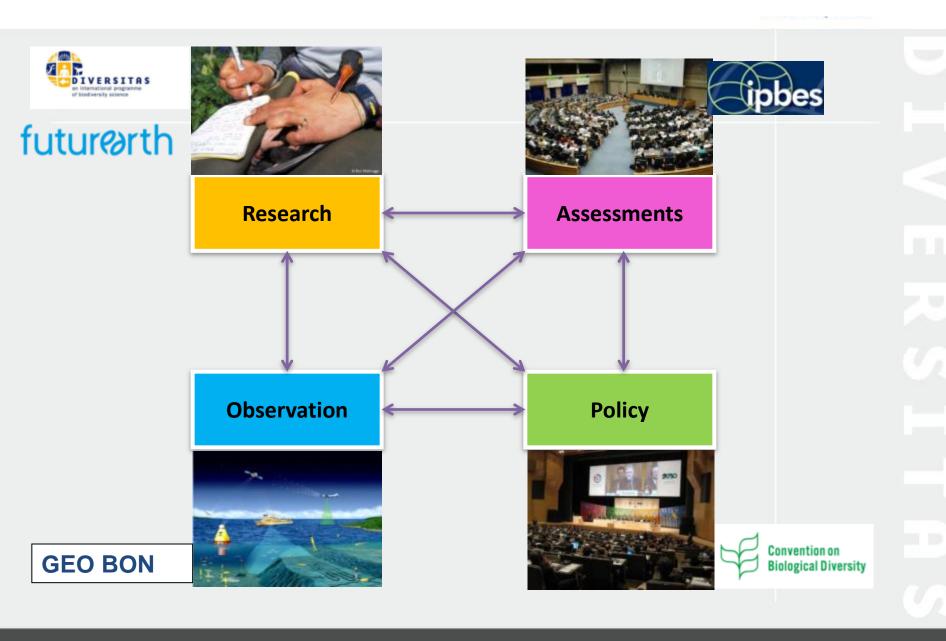






of biodiversity science

### Biodiversity science-policy interface



### Observation for IPBES



- Need to monitor long-term trends in biodiversity and ecosystem services
  - Research purposes
  - Modelling and scenarios analysis: predictions of future trends
- Important for future assessments (IPBES Task Force on data & knowledge)

#### Observation



### The Group on Earth Observations (GEO)

#### **GEOSS**

 An Intergovernmental Organization with 86 Members and 61 Participating Organizations (2003)



DIVERSITAS & NASA in charge of biodiversity: GEO BON







### **GEO BON: GEO Biodiversity Observation Network**



- Global partnership to help collect, manage, analyse and report data relating to the status of the world's biodiversity
- Vision: A coordinated global network that
  - Gathers and shares information on biodiversity,
  - Provides tools for data integration and analysis,
  - Contributes to improving environmental management and human well-being





### GEO BON relevant work for IPBES on international programme of biodiversity science

- Adequacy report organized around the 20 <Aichi targets for 2020</li>
- Definition of Essential Biodiversity Variables
  - A relatively small number of essential variables (16-18) are necessary to derive the CBD operational indicators (>100) for the 20 targets
  - Each essential variable talks to multiple indicators and targets and many indicators and targets are informed by multiple essential variables
  - Focus on primary measurements

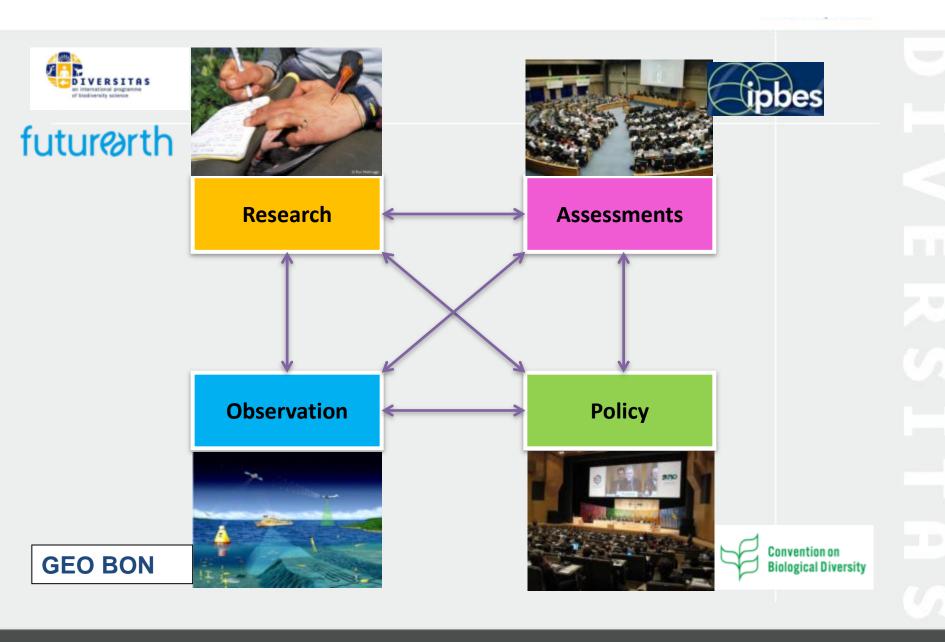








### Biodiversity science-policy interface



### End users of IPBES



- Respond to multiple policy fora/multilateral agreements
  - Related to biodiversity: Convention on Biological Diversity, Ramsar, CITES, etc.
  - Broader scope: Sustainable Developmental Goals,
     Convention of the Law of the Sea
  - UN organisations: UNEP, UNESCO, FAO, UNDP but also WTO, WHO
- IPBES outcomes to be used by observers to these fora (e.g. IUCN, WWF...)



#### **CBD & IPBES**







**CBD** 



### Convention on Biological Diversity

Distr.

**GENERAL** 

UNEP/CBD/SBSTTA/18/12/Rev.1

28 April 2014

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

SUBSIDIARY BODY ON SCIENTIFIC, TECHNICAL AND TECHNOLOGICAL ADVICE Eighteenth meeting Montreal, 23-28 June 2014 Item 8 of the provisional agenda\*

### THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL SCIENCE-POLICY PLATFORM ON BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEM SERVICES

Revised note by the Executive Secretary



### Outline



The landscape

Role of Science

Role of Observation

Role of Policy

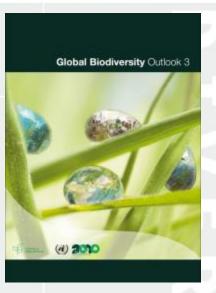
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## Avoiding duplication & being relevant to other sectors



- Contribution to Global Environmental Outlook (UNEP)
- Complementing / sharing tasks
  - Global Biodiversity Outlook (CBD)
  - FAO
- Joint collaboration: IPCC, especially on modelling & scenarios



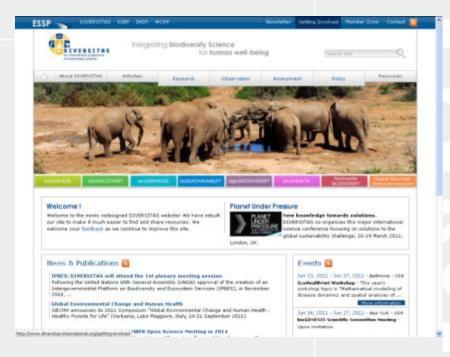


### Thank you for your attention





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### IPBES: some history...



The scientific community has played a major role in all aspects of the process to ensure good participation of scientists worldwide

- 2005-08 Consultative process towards an International mechanism of scientific expertise on biodiversity
- 2005-08 Completion of Millennium Ecosystem Assessment, and development of MA follow-up initiative
- Proposal to integrate the MA follow-up initiative with the consultative process towards IMoSEB
- Three intergovernmental and multi-stakeholder meetings on an IPBES (Kuala Lumpur, Nairobi, Busan)
- Dec 2010 UN General Assembly agrees to establish IPBES
- IPBES can start! First Plenary of IPBES



## A **global platform** for international scientific collaboration

- Enables integrated research on grand challenges and transformations to sustainability
- Strengthens global partnerships between researchers, funders and users of research
- Communicates science to society and society to science



### Scientific agenda



### Dynamic Planet

Understanding how the system works & predicting how it will change

### Global Development

Addressing the most pressing needs of human development (food, water, health, energy) - Short term

### Transformation towards Sustainability

Focusing on long term transformations needed to move to a sustainable future - Long term



### DIVERSITAS community contribution of biodiversity science

- Helping in setting up the process
  - Conference "Biodiversity:
     Science & Governance"
     Scientific Committee
  - Co-organization of the regional consultations on IMoSEB
  - Integration MA & IMoSEB:IPBES
- Representing the sci.
   community in multi stakeholder meetings
   (DIVERSITAS, ICSU, IHDP)

- Informing & mobilizing the scientific community
  - DIVERSITAS Open Science Conference (Conference declarations, Science-policy roundtable)
  - DIVERSITAS-ICSU-IUCN consultation of the scientific community and broader civil society on IPBES (Sept 09)
  - Publications in scientific journals (Loreau et al. 2006. Nature; Mace & Mooney. 2009. Science; Larigauderie & Mooney. 2010. COSUST)

